## Design Quality for Housing & Public Realm

Essex Planning Officers Association 2019 Planning Skill Series Room 112, Marconi Building Anglia Ruskin University Wednesday 20 February 2019 - 2pm to 5pm

#### **SPEAKERS**

Peter Dawson, Built Environment Manager Place Services

Mike Jamieson, Design Director, Tate Hindle Architects







### EPOA Essex Planning Officers Association

#### Essex Planning Officers Association 2019 Planning Skill Series

#### E4: Design Quality for Housing & Public Realm

14.00 Welcome and outline for the workshop

14.10 Learning from recent development, the Essex Design Guide and Design Review (Pete Dawson, Built Environment Manager - Place Services)

14.40 Questions

14.50 Designing schemes that respond to local context, and embrace existing and emerging communities (Mike Jamieson, Design Director- Tate Hindle Architects)

15.20 Questions

15.30 Refreshment break

15.45 Group work on worked example – reviewing layout from a recent new development – including housing, public realm and roadway

16.30 Feedback from groups and discussion

16.50 Questions, Conclusions and Feedback

17.00 Close

#### This workshop will cover:

- Design principles and process through to build
- Examples of outstanding design in new development in Essex and adjacent counties, both on housing and adjacent public realm including local roads, where learning is applicable across most development
- Strategies for challenging development on design quality, including at pre-app stage
- Opportunities from 2018 Essex Design Guide update, and ongoing guidance
- Benefits of design review

#### Buyers "avoid new-build houses"

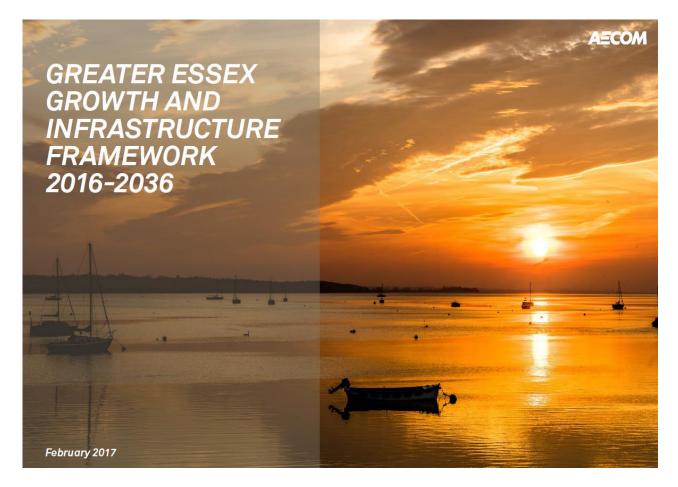
(House buyers poll by bridging finance firm MFS)



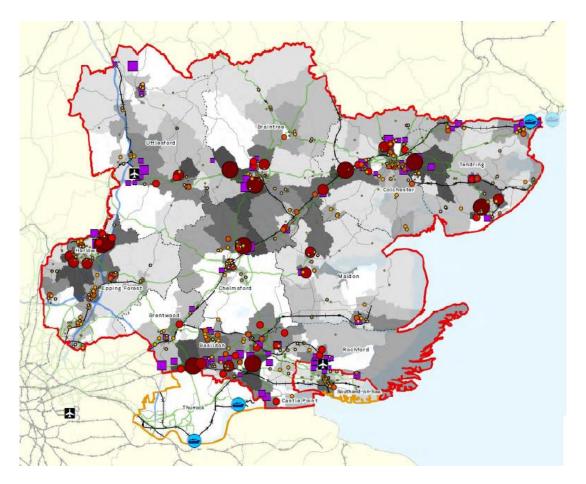
#### The survey says;

- 8 in 10 (81%) Brits are "unenthused" by the prospect of living in a new-build house
- 3 out of 5 of the 2,000 people MFS polled believe that too many poorly built
- 2 out of 5(41%) feel that new-build homes lack character and are 'eyesores' within their local community
- Almost a quarter (23%) would only consider buying a new-build as a buy-to-let investment and would not live in one.

#### The Greater Essex Growth and Infrastructure Framework



#### **Greater Essex Growth 2016-2036**



179,660

137,660 homes planned

**298,700** new people (+ 17%)

**79,000** new jobs (+10%)

#### **Community concerns and negative perceptions**



#### What can we do?

How can we raise the quality of development in Essex?

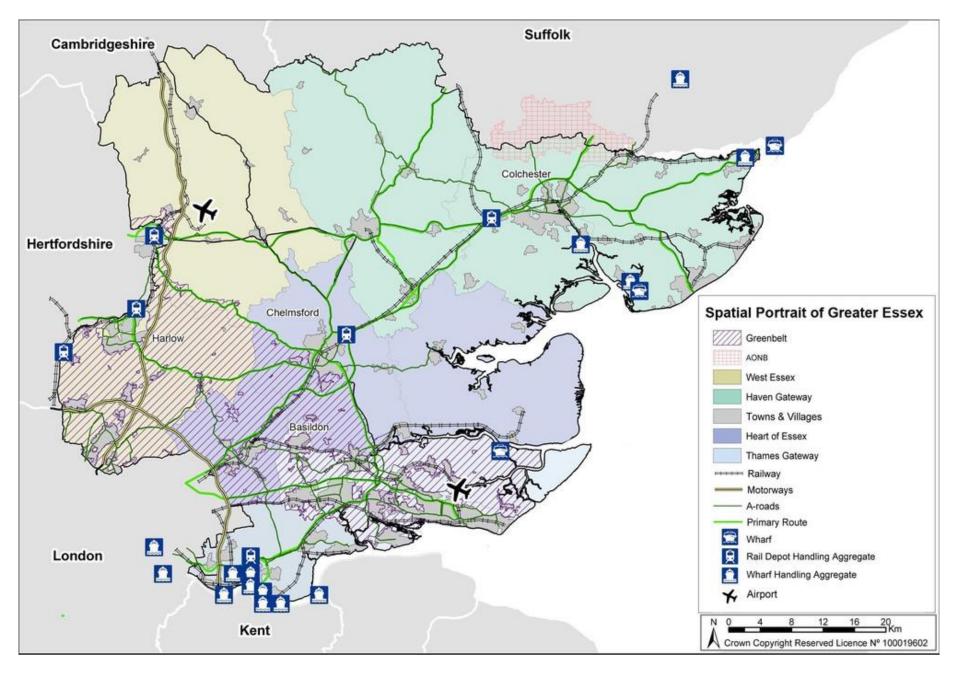
How can we achieve positive change?

What tools and guidance can we use?

What does best practice look like?

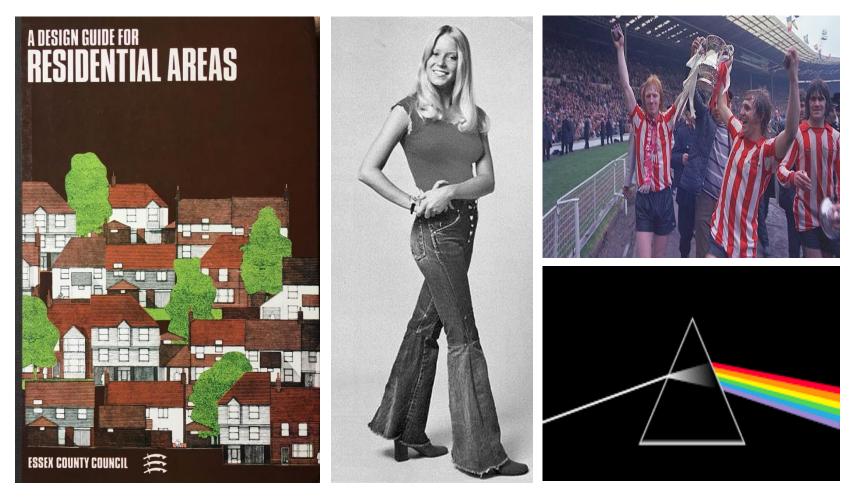
#### Part 1: Learning from recent development; The Essex Design Guide and Design Review

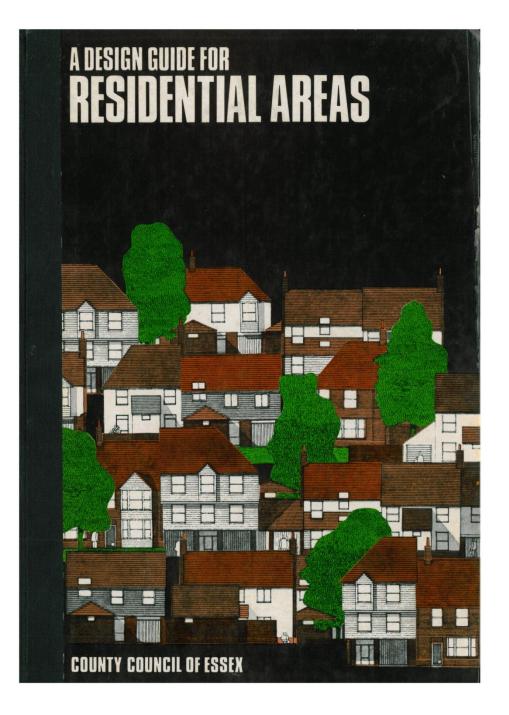
(Pete Dawson, Built Environment Manager - Place Services)

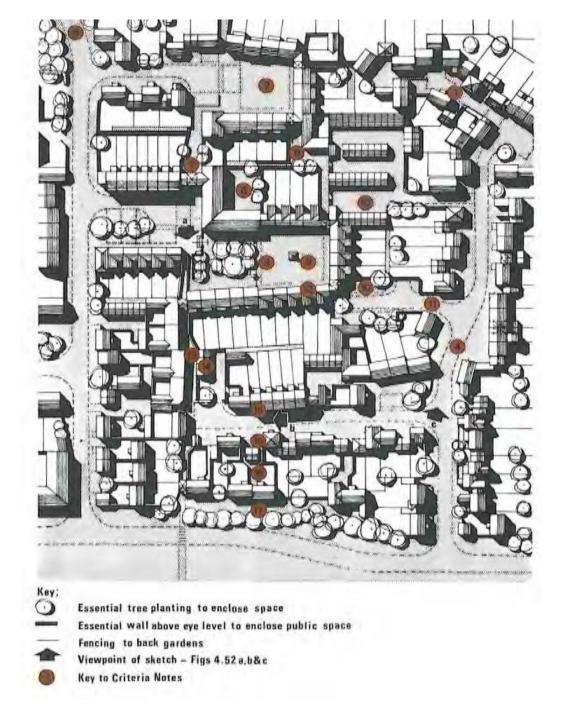


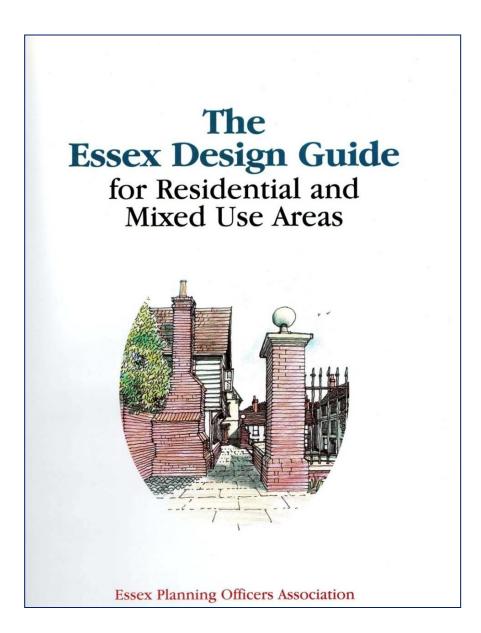


Essex Design Guide beginnings: but what year?











Prominent positioning of garages at bend in road Incorrect



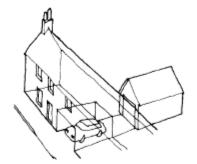
Sideways facing garage

Correct

# 

Double garages placed back to back to form barn-like structure

Correct



Garage in back garden, visitor space under carriage arch

Correct



**Rural situation** 

Arcadia

**Boulevard Planning** 



Unsatifactory Suburbia

Urban Situation

Large Town/City Centre scale







#### EDG 2018 Launch



#### **Essex Design Guide: Enabling decision making**

Web based tool (www.essexdesignguide.co.uk)

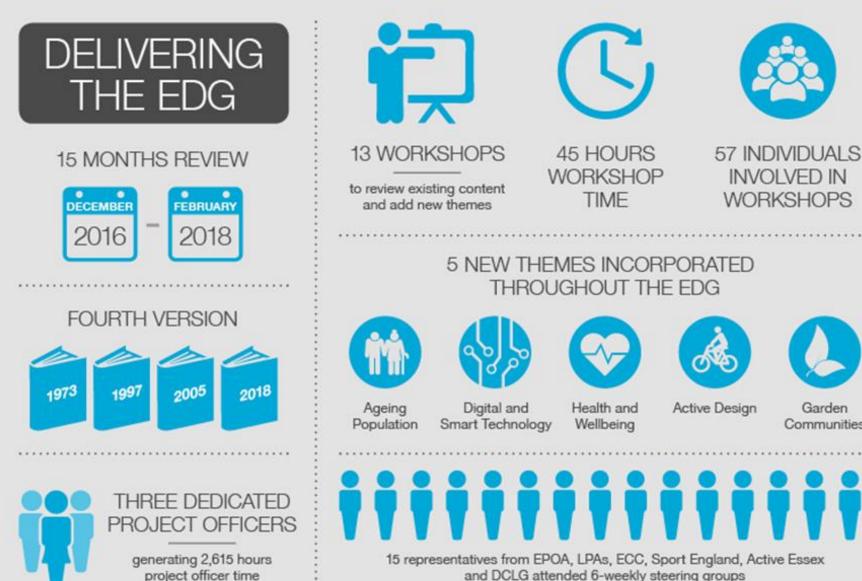






#### Who was involved?





and DCLG attended 6-weekly steering groups

Garden

Communities

**Ageing Population** 



Specific consideration for how we plan and design to consider the needs of the Ageing Population.

• Includes considerations around;

•

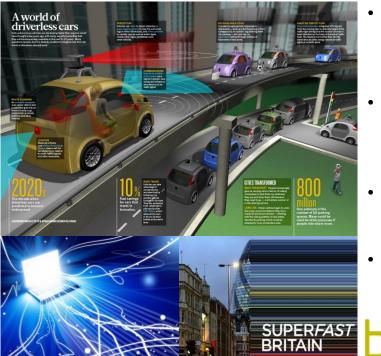
- Lifetime Homes Standards in all developments,
- Connectivity and digital health care,
- Designing flexibility & adaptability developments,
- Mixed home sizes / designs to create mixed age communities that are less isolated,
  - Layout design to take account of impairments.

Health and Wellbeing

- Identifies the positive characteristics and qualities of place that help people achieve and experience better quality lifestyles.
- Reference to future of healthcare provision and how it should be reflected in design;
- Safe and accessible built environments
- Provision of convenient local healthcare services as well as options for self-care.
- Promoting access to healthy and locally sourced food.
- Embracing Smart Cities incorporating future-proofing technology.



Digital and Smart Technology



- Superfast/ fibre-optic broadband internet services and mobile connectivity are an essential services within all modern developments.
- Solutions for adaption / flexibility to create developments with the ability to evolve and progress over generations.
- Considers the impact on changing transport and logistics with delivery as well as impacts of autonomous vehicles.
- Worked closely with Building Research Establishment (BRE) to align the guidance to their Home Quality Mark programme.

Active Design Principles

Establishes the premise that active, well-populated spaces are more successful, safer, better managed and can add more value to the surrounding environment.



The content:

Landscape and Greenspaces

- This section covers the important role landscape plays in our lives and explores how to deliver beneficial landscapes through good design.
- Green space can be used as a community resource and provides recreational benefits, aids social cohesion, improves quality of life and increases property values.
- Trees and plants contribute to tackling climate change as well as providing habitats for different species.
- Cycling and walking paths are an integral part of the landscape that encourage active modes of transport, healthier lifestyles and improved accessibility.
- Includes references to community spaces for growing food and integrated sustainable urban drainage systems (SuDS) the first time such subjects have been covered by the Essex Design Guide

The content:



Downloads/links/signposting

The content:



Successful Criteria for Public Open Spaces

"New development should assist in creating a continuous network of public space, including green space"

a. Site b. Connecting the green space network

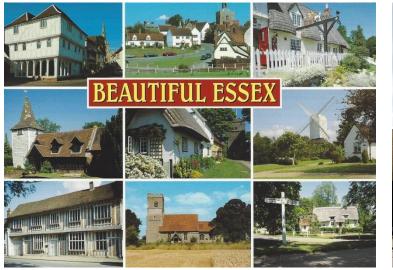
The content:



#### Recognising that places are different









#### **Quality matters**

The Avenue, Saffron Walden (Pollard Thomas Edwards)



**Quality matters** St. Chads, Tilbury (Bell Phillips Architects)



Other resources:

In updating, developing and revising the Essex Design Guide the new version is an easily updatable website resource and including:

- NPPF embedded throughout the EDG
- Historical, Natural and Built Environment context
- Reference to District, Borough and County policies and guidance
- Updated Highways Standards
- Garden Communities
- New case studies
- FAQ
- Suite of easily accessible guidance, policies and reference documents

What next?

- EPOA steering group continues to manage updates
- New content, case studies and guidance added
- Updated HIA guidance
- Register online to receive updates
- Provide advice to support developers and LPA's to improve the quality of development and ensure the principles of the Design Guide are upheld



New content: school design

- New guidance section on school design
- Introducing an clear set of development principles
- Context influenced design
- Adaptable design
- Consider the wider community needs



New Hall School, Harlow

New content: commercial and industrial (large footprint) buildings

- Requirements for LVIA
- Understanding the context and site setting
- Materials, colours and finishes
- Environmental Sustainability
- Showcasing best practice



Wildspace Warehouse Rainham, Alison Brookes Architects

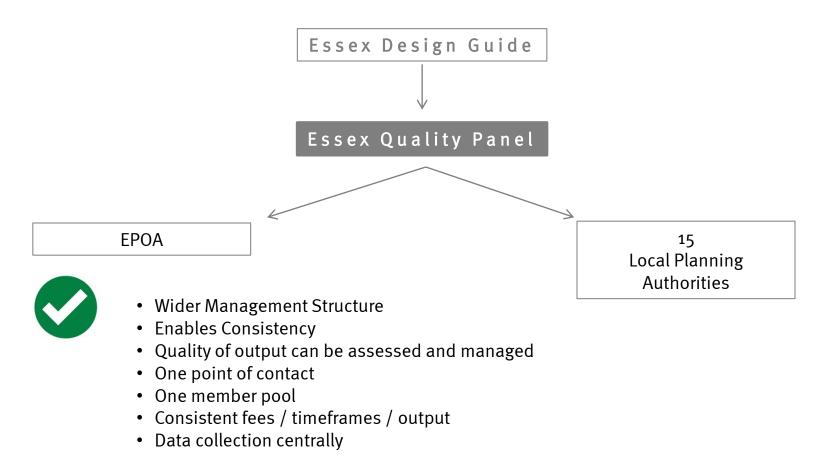
New content: Gypsy and traveller sites

- Provide best practice guidance
- Procedural and stakeholder engagement
- Development principles
- Specific site requirements
- Understanding setting and context



Old Damson Lane Travellers Site, Solihull; BM3 Architects

**Essex Quality Panel** 



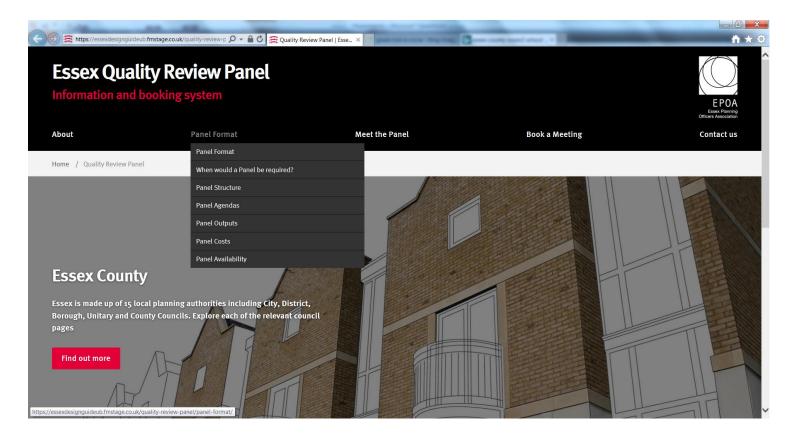
**Essex Quality Panel** 

- Cost Neutral
- Extension to a 'traditional' design panel
- Essex Driven
- Tailored to suit application

Including specialisms covering:

- Architecture
- Landscape Architecture
- Urban Design
- Ecology
- Heritage and Conservation
- Sustainability
- Health/Wellbeing/Active Design
- Garden Communities
- Public Art
- Digital technology
- Highways
- Hydrology

**Essex Quality Panel** 



Further support

- Officer and member training
- Continued liaison and dialogue with the house builders
- Continued discussion with Highways
- Promotion of the Essex Design Guide and place making principles



#### How to apply the guidance?

By taking the initiative in planning, consultees can have a positive influence and early steer on planning applications.

- Pre-application discussions can provide early positive steer, avoiding abortive work, setting the site parameters and agreeing the application requirements
- Design codes (on developments of a particular scale) can help lock down quality
- Development briefs, either adopted or agreed at pre application meetings
- Design Guidance
- Design Review
- Engage with a specialist (Urban Designer, Landscape Architects, Conservation etc)

#### NPPF (2019) requiring good design

"Good design is a key aspect of sustainable development, creates better places in which to live and work and helps make development acceptable to communities. Being clear about design expectations, and how these will be tested, is essential for achieving this. So too is effective engagement between applicants, communities, local planning authorities and other interests throughout the process." (para124) of variety where this would be justified."(para126)

> "To provide maximum clarity about design expectations at an early stage, plans or supplementary planning documents should use visual tools such as design guides and codes. These provide a framework for creating distinctive places, with a consistent and high quality standard of design. However their level of detail and degree of prescription should be tailored to the circumstances in each place, and should allow a suitable degree of variety where this would be justified."(para126)

#### NPPF (2019) Requiring good design

Refusals "Permission should be refused for development of poor design that fails to take the opportunities available for improving the character and quality of an area and the way it functions, taking into account any local design standards or style guides in plans or supplementary planning documents." (para 130)

#### Factors that influence the development process.

These include:

- Planning policy and guidance set out mainly by central and local government
- Feasibility based on an understanding of economic /market conditions
- Context of the site, its setting, land uses, constraints and local heritage issues
- Community involvement, including those directly affected by the scheme by virtue of proximity, local amenity groups and the wider community
- Approach of the design team and the people who manage and plan the design process

#### Writing effective planning responses

Top 5 priorities:

- 1. Seek to collaboratively engage with developer at pre application stage to agree parameters,
- 2. Determine whether the planning application Outline or Full and what additional work would you expect the developer to produce,
- 3. Ensure that the applicant produces an appropriate context appraisal to inform the development,
- 4. Provide clarity on the expectations of the LPA at an early stage and ensure that you have input from specialist advisors (heritage, landscape, design etc. to help seek support and/or reinforce key points to the applicant)
- 5. Reference the appropriate local and/or national policies/guidance

# Part 2: Designing schemes that respond to local context, and embrace existing and emerging communities

(Mike Jamieson, Design Director- Tate Hindle Architects)

Click here

#### Part 3: Learning outcomes workshop

15.45 Group work on worked example – reviewing layout from a recent new development – including housing, public realm and roadway

16.30 Feedback from groups and discussion

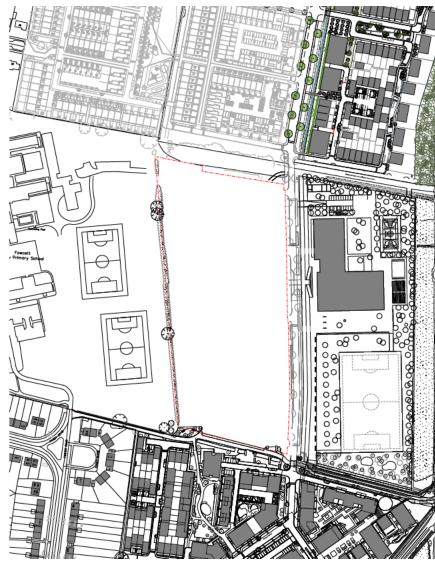
16.50 Questions, Conclusions and Feedback

17.00 Close

#### The site:



#### The site:



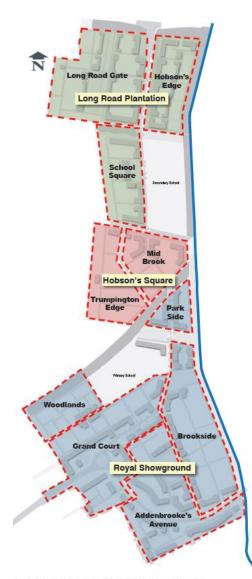


Fig. 3: Character Areas and Sub Character Areas location plan

#### The site:

Land Use



#### Movement & Access



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## Landscape



#### Feed back:

Please email your feedback on the workshop and suggestions for future content or improvement to <u>PlanningSkills@essex.gov.uk</u>

Please mention any points with me as you leave.

Let me know how the session was for you. What knowledge have you gained? And did it meet your expectations?

Any improvements you want to suggest ? And any subjects/aspects you want to added in future training

We will be introducing online feedback at the end of sessions later in the series – using Smartphones.

#### **Contact:**

Web: www.placeservices.co.uk www.essexdesignguide.co.uk www.tatehindle.co.uk

Email: peter.dawson@essex.gov.uk mike@tatehindle.co.uk

